## Magnetic Proportion System / Through Type, Ta=105℃ Operating

# L55S D15 SERIES



[STANDARDS] ·UL508 ·CSA C22.2 No.14-18 ·EN 62477-1

RoHS

### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Parameters		Unit	Value	Comment
Supply voltage	Vcc	V	± 18V	
Primary conductor temperature	_	°C	120	

#### **ISOLATION CHARACTERISTICS**

Parameters			Unit	Value	Comment
Insulation voltage			_	AC5000V, for 1minute (Sensing current 0.5mA)	Primary ⇔ Secondary
Impulse withstand voltage			kV	12	Primary ⇔ Secondary Input waveform : • Front time 1.2μs • Time to half value 50μs • single
Insulation resistance			_	≧ 1000M Ω (at DC500V)	Primary ⇔ Secondary
Clearance distance			_	14.0mm (MIN)	Primary ⇔ Secondary
Creepage distance		d <sub>Cp</sub>	_	14.0mm (MIN)	Primary ⇔ Secondary
Case material	—	—	UL94 V-0		
Filler material	-	_	UL94 V-0		
Comparative Tracking Index ; (CTI)	Case	СТІ	V	600 (group I)	
	Filler	СТІ	V	600 (group I)	

### ENVIRONMENTAL AND MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Parameters	Symbol	Unit	Value			Comment
Farameters			MIN	ТҮР	MAX	Comment
Ambient operating temperature * 1	TA	°C	- 40		+ 105	
Ambient storage temperature	Ts	°C	- 40		+ 105	
Mass	m	g		620		
Internal magnetic core	-	_	Silicon steel			

\* 1 Temperature of the connector should not exceed 105°C because the absolute maximum temperature of the connector is +105°C.



#### **SPECIFICATIONS**

Ta=+25°C, RL=10k $\Omega$ , Vcc= $\pm$ 15V

Demonstern		Symbol	11	Value			0	
Parameters			Unit	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	Comment	
Primary norminal current	L55S1T5D15*** L55S2T0D15*** L55S2T5D15***		I <sub>PN</sub>	A		1500		
						2000		
						2500		
Primary current, measuring range * 1, 2	L55S1T5D15***	5%			-4500		4500	
		5%		A	-4500		4500	
	L55S2T0D15***	10%	I <sub>PM</sub>		-5500		5500	
	L55S2T5D15***	5%			-4500		4500	
	2555215015	10%			-5500		5500	
Supply Voltage			Vcc	V	± 12( ± 5%)	± 15( ± 5%)		
Consumption current			lcc	mA		20	30	at Ip = 0A, Icc = 20 + Vout / RL
Rated output voltage			Vo	V	3.960	4.000	4.040	at I <sub>PN</sub>
Offset voltage * 3	L55S1T5D15*	**			-0.030	0.000	+0.030	
-	L55S2T0D15***		Vof	V	-0.020	0.000	+0.020	at I <sub>P</sub> = 0A
L55S2T5D15***				-0.020	0.000	+0.020		
Hysteresis error			V <sub>OH</sub>	mV	-15		15	at $0A \rightarrow I_{PN} \rightarrow 0A$
Temperature coefficient of Vo			TcVo	%/°C	-0.05		+0.05	Without TcVof
Temperature coefficient of Vof			TcVof	mV/°C	-1		+1	at I <sub>P</sub> = 0A
Linearity error (0A $\sim I_{PN})$			εL	%	-1		+1	
Output load resistance			RL	kΩ		10		
Response time (@90% of $I_{\rm PN})$ * 4			tr	μs			5	di/dt=100A/µs
Frequency bandwidth (-3dB) * 5			BW	kHz	25			at very low current

\*1 If the product of 1500A or less operate at Vcc = ± 12V power supplies, measuring range is reduced to 2.5 x I<sub>PN</sub>.

\*2 The value of measured current which indicates an output with a greater than ± 5% (or 10%) deviation from theoretical output value.

\*3 Offset voltage value is after removal of core hysteresis.

\*4 Measurement condition : Primary conductor cross sectional area is as same as through hole, and penetration with 1 turn in through hole.

\*5 High fundamental frequency primary current and/or harmonic current may result in excessive heating in magnetic core (Silicon steel).



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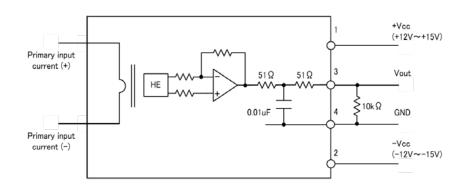
## STANDARDS

Rated voltage 1000V, CAT II, PD2, Reinforced isolation, non uniform field

UL508, CSA C22.2 No.14-18 (UL FILE No. E243511) Rated voltage 1000V, PD2

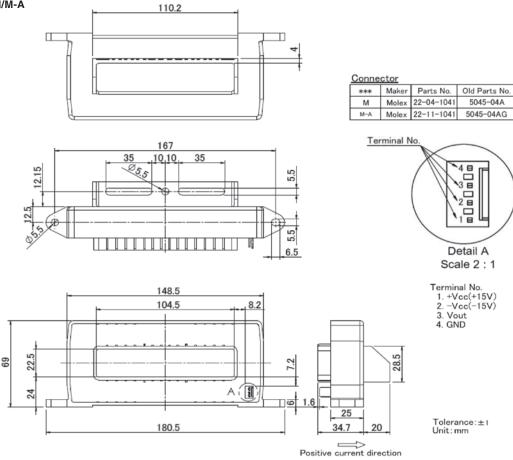
## CONNECTION

c**A** 



## **DIMENSIONS (mm)**

#### L55SxxxD15M/M-A

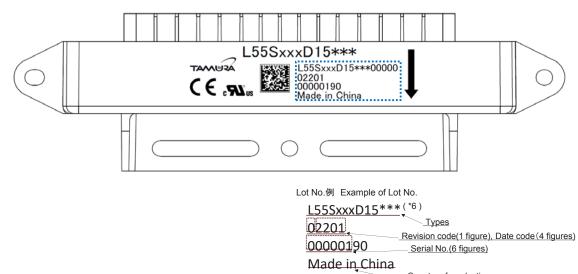


NOTE

Recommended fastening screw type : M5 with flat washer and spring washer Recommended fastening torque : < 1.5 N  $\cdot$  m



## MARKING



\*6 Digit number adjustment code

### Order number and Connector number (terminal plating)

Types		Connector						
туре	5	Manufacturer	Plating of terminal					
L55SxxxD15M	Standard	Molex	22-04-1041	5045-04A	Sn			
L55SxxxD15M-A	Build to Order	IVIOIEX	22-11-1041	5045-04AG	Au			

\* As for the L55SxxxD15M series of a gold-plated connector, '-A' attaches to the end of the product name.

# **Important Notice**

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  - Use in liquids such as water, oil, chemical solutions, or organic solvents, and use in locations where the product will be exposed to such liquids.
  - Use that involves exposure to direct sunlight, outdoor exposure, or dusty conditions.
  - Use in locations where corrosive gases such as sea winds, Cl2, H2S, NH3, SO2, or NO2, are present. (Some product improves durability)
  - Use in environments with strong static electricity or electromagnetic radiation.
  - · Use that involves placing inflammable material next to the product.
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# **Application notes**

#### <General Considerations>

- 1. The sensor uses polar electronic components. When the polarity of the power supply is mistaken, the sensor is damaged.
- Static electricity or excessive voltage can increase an offset voltage in the Hall element, and cause offset voltage to change.
  Please exercise care in handling and application.
- 3. In order to prevent the influence of noise, the use of twisted cable or shielded cable for the output line is recommended
- If using this device within a magnetic field generated by other devices, the specified accuracy may not be obtainable.
- 5. Our products (several models are excluded ) are adjusted with the trimming method by the measurement condition (Load resistance, Power supply voltage) of specification sheets. Therefore, characteristics (Offset, Output, etc.) and its deviation may be changed in different circuit conditions from the measurement condition. All change characteristic items are not indicated on specification sheets.
- 6. The performance of current sensors with through-hole (aperture) is dependent on the position of the primary conductor. Tamura specifications are based on a primary conductor completely filling the through-hole (aperture) area.
- 7. The current sensor rated current in DC Amps.
- 8. Please use mating connector with equivalent terminal plating material to insure proper operation and avoid possibility of 'galvanic corrosion'.
- Please do not store in high-temperature and high-humidity storage environment. Please use it after confirming soldering when it is kept for six months or more. (product soldered with substrate)
- 10. We recommend performing a zero offset adjustment by measuring the offset voltage at startup. In continuously operation for a few months, or at change of ambient temperature or humidity is large, we recommend regularly performing a zero offset adjustment at being idling (it is clear that the current is not apply).
- 11. The current sensor doesn't have built-in protection circuit (devices and fuses, etc.). As a failure mode of the sensor, there is a short circuit and open state. In the case of a shortcircuit state, the abnor-mal temperature rise of the internal parts is assumed, and there is a possibility to smoke and to ignite. If it is used in safety critical circuit blocks, please take appropriate measures by protection devices, protection circuits, etc. For closed loop -type sensors and flux gate (closed loop type) sensors, the consumption current of the secondary power supply varies in proportion to the measurement current.

#### <Open loop>

- High frequency primary current may result in excessive heating in iron magnetic core and cause damage to internal circuitry; for high frequency applications select current sensor with ferrite core material.
- If the measured current exceeds the rated current, magnetic core saturation will occur and the output voltage signal will not be linearly proportional to the measured current.

#### <Closed Loop>

- For closed loop current sensors please insure the power supply voltage is balanced, symmetrical, and, applied simultaneously to avoid potential increase in DC offset error.
- Maximum rated current measurement duration is timedependent. Maximum rated current applied in excess of the time limit can result in damage to internal electronic circuitry; please consult Tamura for assistance.
- 3. When using a measurement resistor to convert current output to voltage output select a resistor with stable temperature characteristic to insure accuracy of the output voltage.
- 4. Compensation current supplied to the secondary winding varies in proportion to the measured current based on the conversion ratio. (If/KN; KN = secondary turns) Please insure the PSU has required current capacity to supply compensation current to the secondary winding.

#### <Flux-Gate>

- Compensation current supplied to the secondary winding varies in proportion to the measured current. Please insure the PSU has required current capacity to supply compensation current to the secondary winding.
- 2. There is 450kHz ripple voltage present on the output and reference output voltage signals . An external capacitor maybe added if necessary.